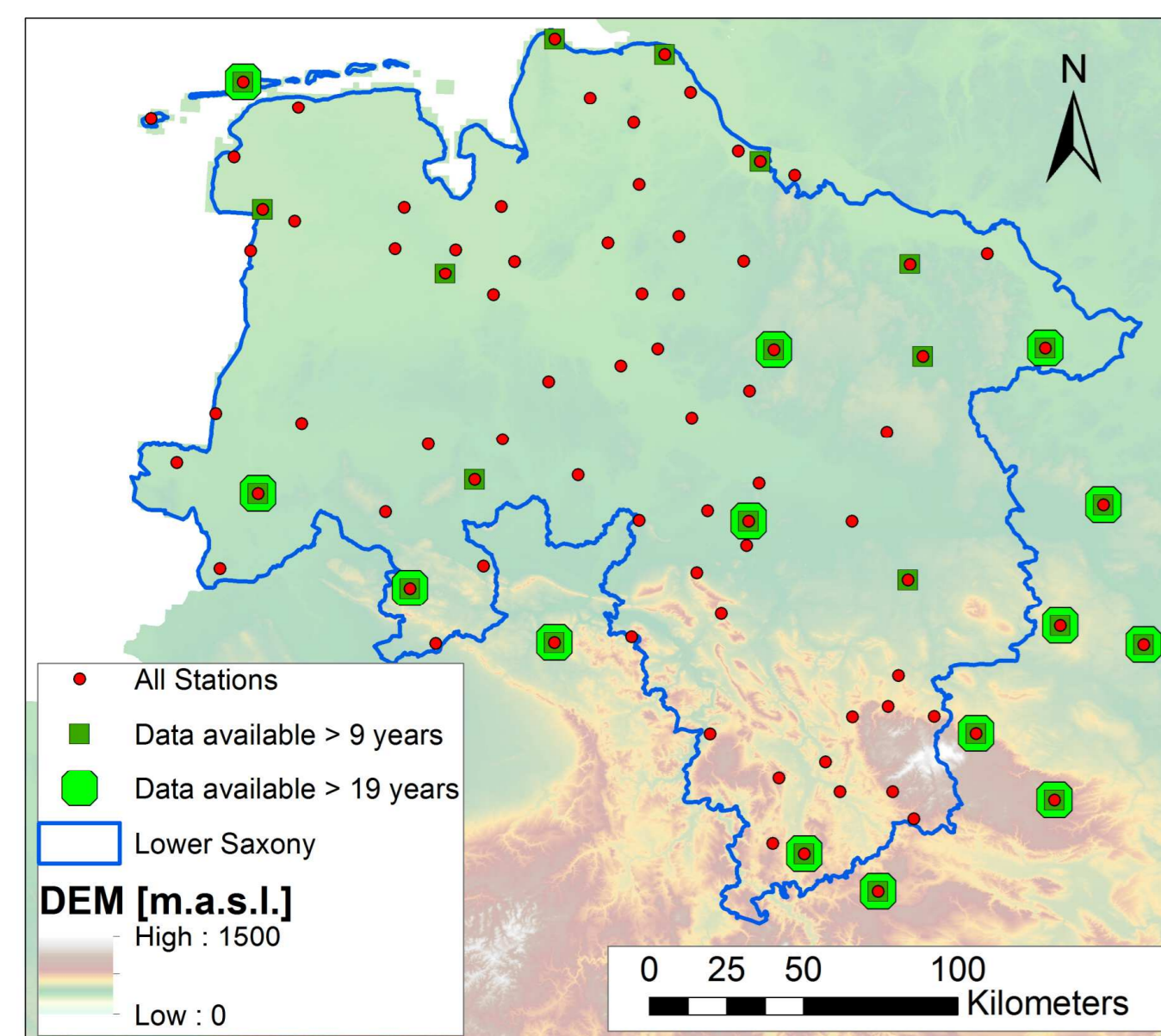


1. Motivation & Objectives

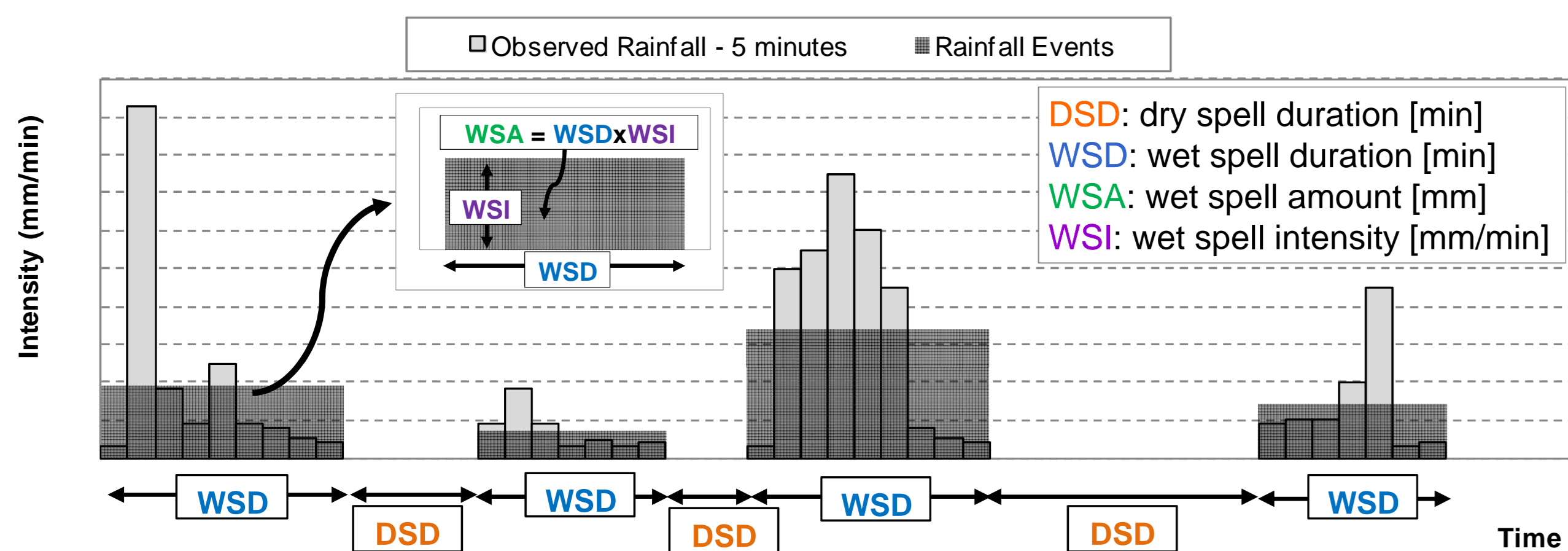
- Design and operation of urban drainage systems require **long and continuous** rain series.
- Problem:** Short data availability (temporal and spatial required resolutions).
- Solution:**
 - Development of a **precipitation model**; (Callau Poduje & Haberlandt, 2017)
 - Regionalization** of the model;
 - Generation of **long synthetic** series.

2. Study Area & Data



- State of **Lower Saxony**
 - Surface: 47,624 km²,
 - Location: North-west Germany.
- Rain Gauge Stations:**
 - 81 stations (Fig. 1),
 - 6-21 years of record,
 - Temporal resol.: 5 min.
- Site Descriptors (SDs):**
 - climatic & non-climatic.
- Fictional drainage system:**
 - Combined sewer system,
 - Total size: 168 Ha, Pipes: 5150 m.

3. Methodology



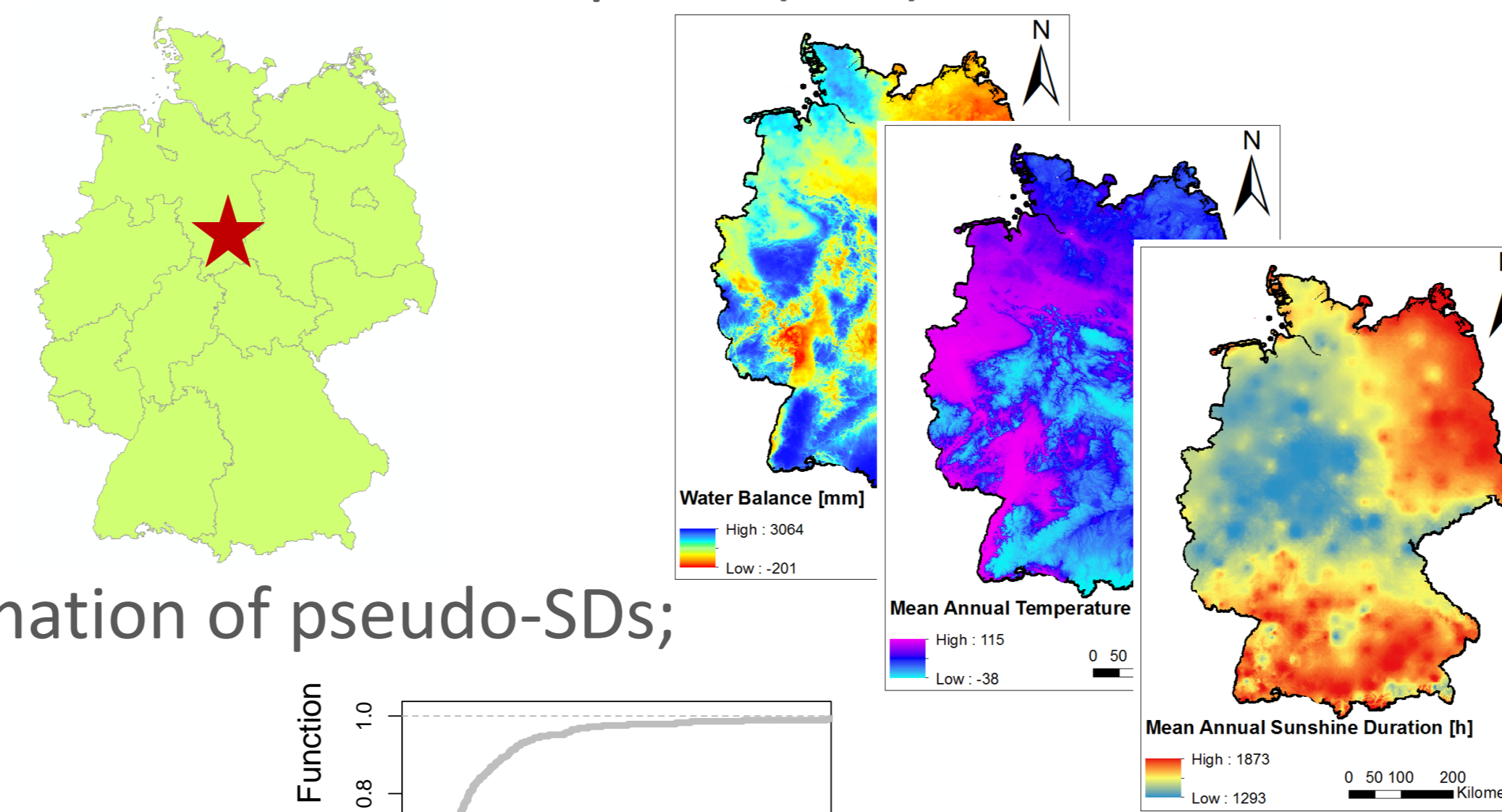
Regionalization of LM_i:

- Copula** based method
- MLR:** Multi-linear regression
- RFA:** Regional frequency analysis (Hosking & Wallis, 1997)

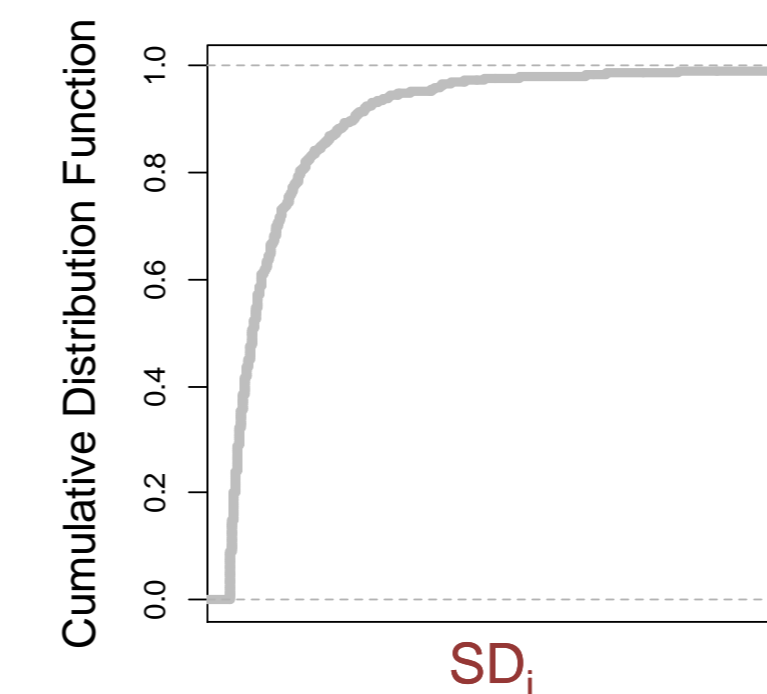
L-moments:
LM₁, LM₂, etc.

Details of **Copula** based regionalization method:

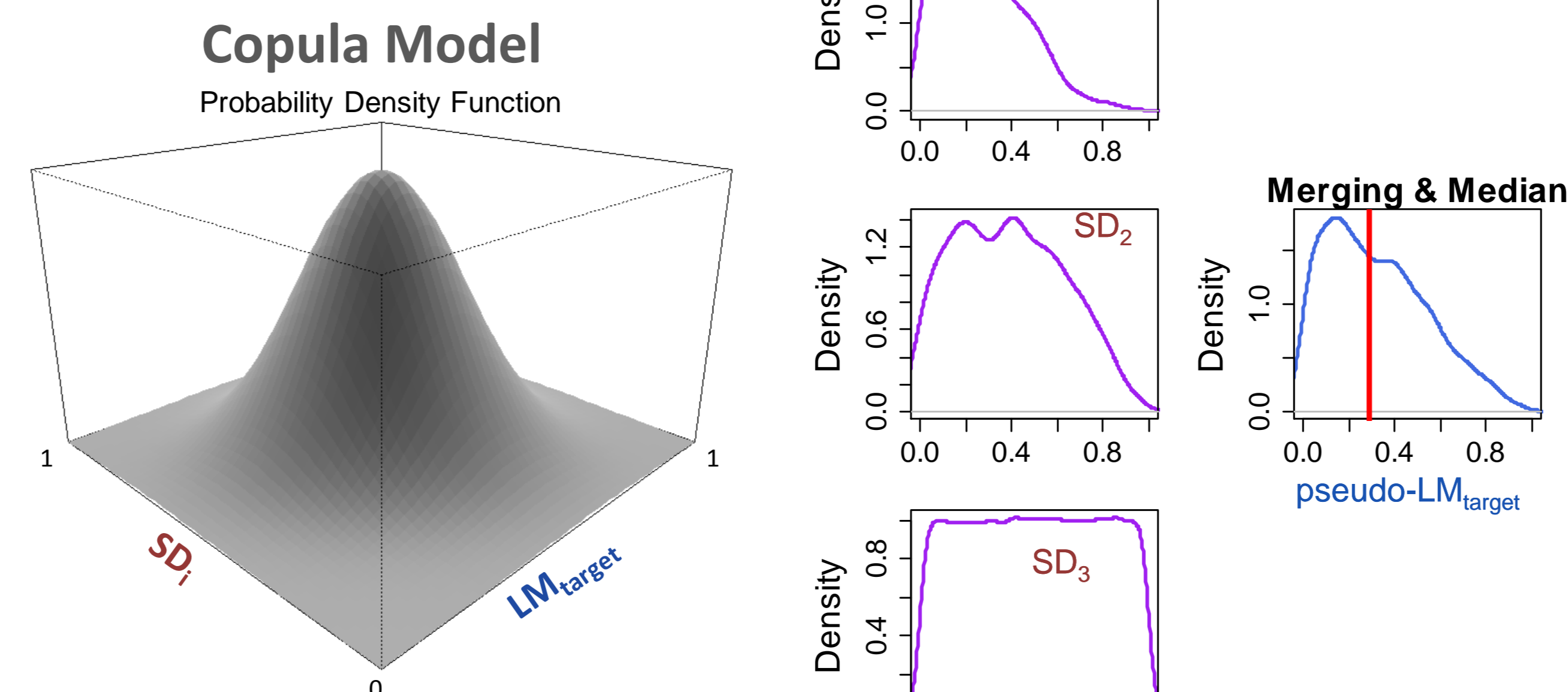
- Selection of a location for the regionalization;
- Extraction of site descriptors (SDs) for the location;



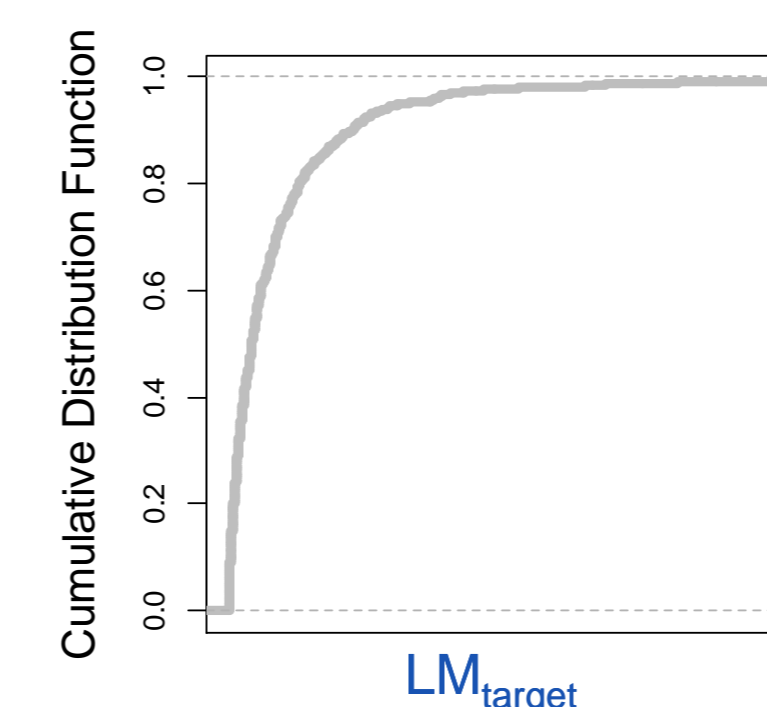
- Estimation of pseudo-SDs;



- Simulation of pseudo-LM_{target} conditioned to pseudo-SD_i;
- Merging of simulated values using several SDs;



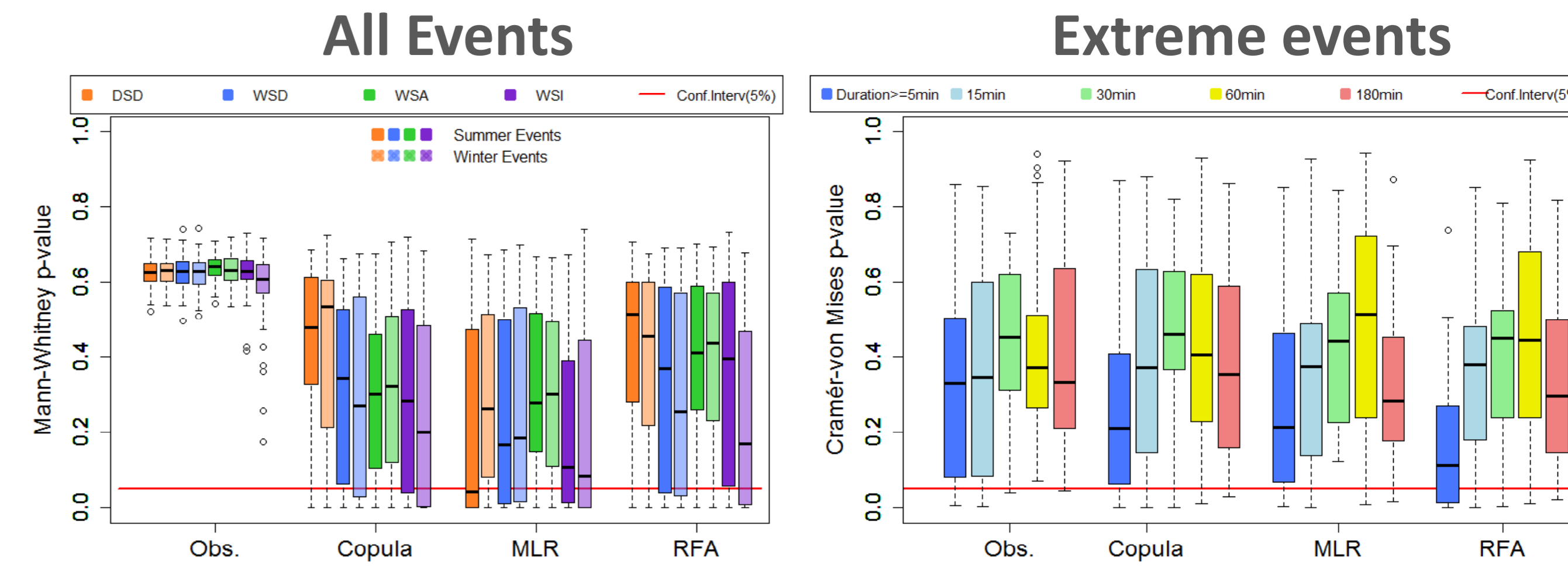
- Converting median of pseudo-LM_{target} to LM_{target};



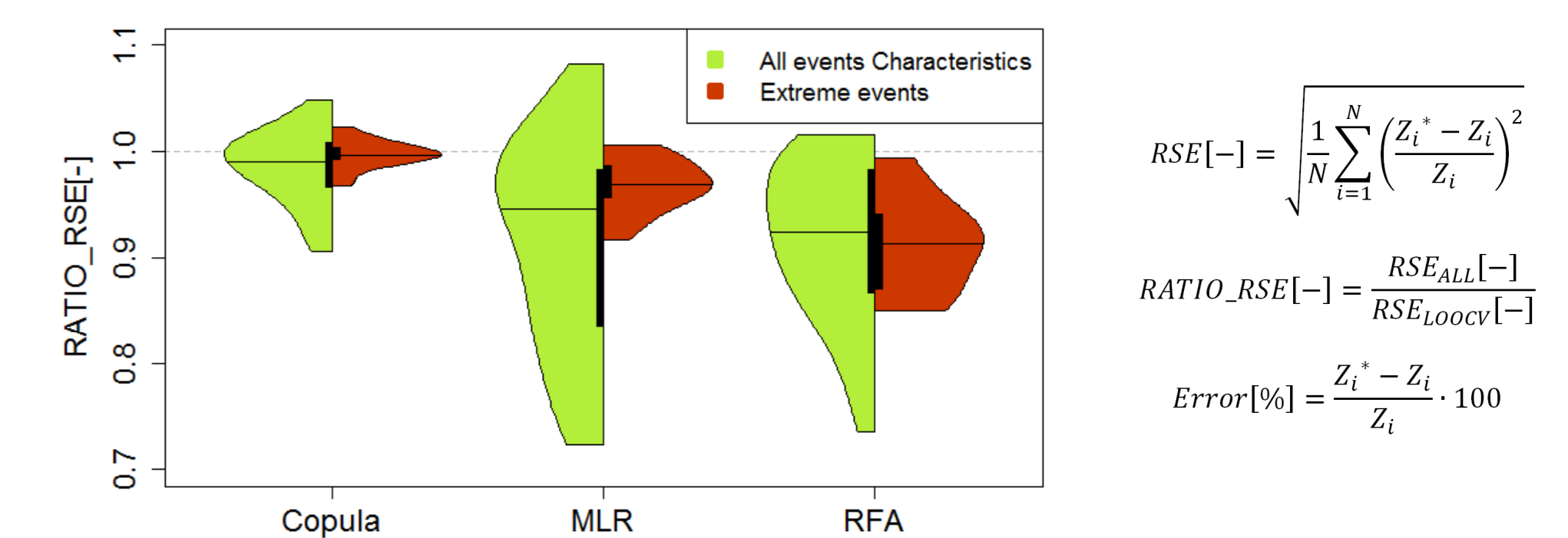
- Estimation of model parameters using different order of regionalized LM_{target}.

4. Results

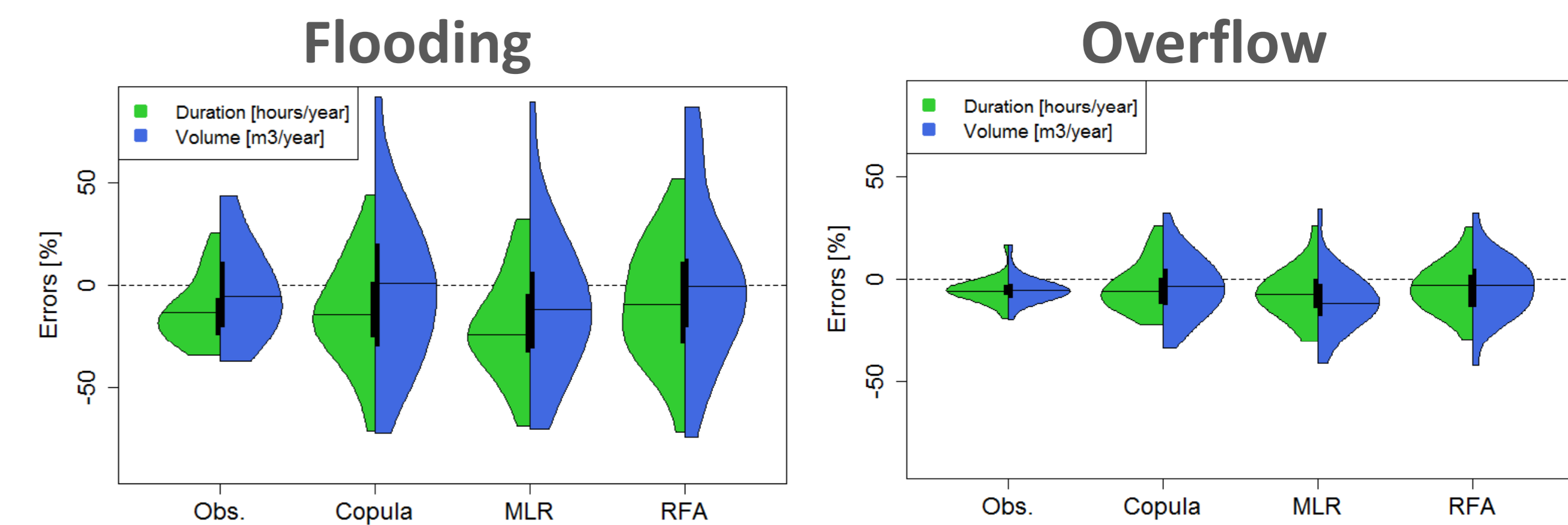
- Leave-one out cross-validation (LOOCV)



- Robustness analysis



- Urban hydrological modeling



5. Summary and Conclusions

Evaluation Criteria	Copula	MLR	RFA
All events	👍	👍	👍
Extreme events	👍	👍	👍
Robustness	👍	👎	👎
Flooding & Overflow Events	👍	👍	👍

References: Callau Poduje, A. C., Haberlandt U., 2017. Short time step continuous rainfall modeling and simulation of extreme events. Journal of Hydrology, 552, 182-197. Hosking, J. R. M., Wallis, J. R., 1997. Regional Frequency Analysis. An Approach Based on L-Moments. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.